

b) Use

1/ Write the verbal adjective in -τέος, -α, -ον in the correct form and translate the sentence:

- εὐρήσομεν, ὡς ἐγῶμαι, ἃ (Plato, *Respublica*). [λέγω]
- πρῶτον μὲν δῆπου ἂν εἴη κατάλογος (Plato, *Leges*). [καταλέγω]
- οὐ τὸ ζῆν περὶ πλείστου ἀλλὰ τὸ εὖ ζῆν (Plato, *Crito*). [ποιέω]
- γινώσκων δὲ ὅτι εἰ μὴ ἰππικὸν ἰκανὸν κτήσαιτο, οὐ δυνήσοιτο κατὰ τὰ πεδία στρατεύεσθαι, ἔγνω τοῦτο εἶναι (Xenophon, *Hellenica*). [κατασκευάζω]
- ἔστι γάρ τις λόγος ἀληθής, πολλακίς μὲν ὑπ' ἐμοῦ καὶ πρόσθεν ῥηθείς, ἔοικεν δ' οὖν εἶναι καὶ νῦν (Plato, *Epistulae*). [λέγω]

2/ The same again with these sentences, but moreover add the agent of the verbal adjective as requested:

- δὴ οὗτος ὁ λόγος ἐστίν (Plato, *Gorgias*). [ἐξελέγχω] [by us]
- οἶμαι τὰ μὲν τοιαῦτα καὶ (Plato, *Phaedrus*). [ἔάω] [συγγινώσκω] [by the speaker]
- ἐὰν δέ τις κατὰ τι κακὸς γίγνηται, ἐστί (Plato, *Gorgias*). [κολάζω] [by you]
- ἡ πόλις ἐστίν (Plato, *Leges*). [παραδίδωμι] [by us]
- ἄρ' οὖν οὐ πανταχοῦ ταῦτα (Plato, *Respublica*). [διώκω] [by the young people]

3/ Write the verbal adjective in the neuter singular form:

- διώριζε δὲ τούτων ἅ τε πρὸς τοὺς φίλους καὶ ἅ πρὸς ἐχθρούς (Xenophon, *Cyropaedia*). [ποιέω]
- ὁ δὲ Δερκυλίδας ἐπειδὴ ἔγνω ὄν, ... (Xenophon, *Hellenica*). [μένω]
- ταύτην τὴν πρᾶξιν (Plato, *Protagoras*). [πράττω]

Why must the verbal adjective in these sentences be in the neuter gender? In other words: what is the difference with respect to the sentences of the 1st exercise?

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4/ Rewrite the 1st and 4th sentences of Exercise 2/ in the impersonal way:

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